



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	Asian Journal of Dental Sciences
Manuscript Number:	Ms_AJDS_50316
Title of the Manuscript:	Intraosseous Solitary Neurofibroma in Ramus of Mandible: A Unique Clinical Case Report
Type of the Article	Case report

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '**lack of Novelty**', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound. To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(<http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline>)



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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Compulsory REVISION comments	<p>1. Please check the typo errors of the whole manuscript carefully, for instance</p> <p>* (abstract) Neurofibroma is a rare benign non -odontogenic tumor which may occur predominantly as a feature of Von Recklinghausen's disease affecting the soft tissue. Intraorally, the intraosseous solitary variant of Neurofibroma is a very rare entity thereby intriguing the oral physicians. We report a rare case of solitary Neurofibroma located at the level of Mandibular foramen on the left side without a family history of Von Recklinghausen's disease in a 39- year-old female. The diagnosis was made based on clinical and radiological findings and histopathological report . On Serological investigation the patient was HIV positive. The present case is rare in regard to its location and the immunodeficiency condition of the patient</p> <p>suggested corrected as:</p> <p>Neurofibroma is a rare benign non-odontogenic tumor which may occur predominantly as a feature of Von Recklinghausen's disease affecting the soft tissue. Intraorally, the intraosseous solitary variant of neurofibroma is a very rare entity thereby intriguing the oral physicians. We report a rare case of solitary neurofibroma located at the right mandibular ramus without a family history of Von Recklinghausen's disease in a 39-year-old female. The diagnosis was made based on clinical and radiological findings and histopathological report. On serological investigation the patient was HIV positive. The present case is rare in regard to its location and the immunodeficiency condition of the patient.</p> <p>* (line 43) non-tender swelling measuring about 2x3cm was present about 2cm anterior</p> <p>* (line 29) mandibular foramen in a 39-year-old female patient.</p> <p>* and many other areas.....(especially the incorrect use of capital letter)</p> <p>2. The authors claim that the present case is unique with the patient with HIV positive in the abstract section; however, this issue has not been mentioned in the introduction section and the discussion section. If the authors want to stress this issue, they should mention it in the introduction section first, then, discuss it in the discussion section whether there is a cause-effective or just an incidental issue.</p>	The manuscript has been modified
Minor REVISION comments	1. The figure 2 of panorex has a white arrow to indicate the lesion to the author. The white arrow should be mentioned in the figure legend. i.e. Orthopantomograph revealing a well circumscribed radiolucent area in the ramus of the right mandible (white arrow)	
Optional/General comments	A good case report but needs further grammatical correction and to mention the issue of HIV positive in the discussion and introduction section	

PART 2:

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Are there ethical issues in this manuscript?	<i>(If yes, Kindly please write down the ethical issues here in details)</i>	