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## **SDI Review Form 1.6**

Journal Name:	International Research Journal of Oncology
Manuscript Number:	Ms_IRJO_48627
Title of the Manuscript:	EPIDEMIOLOGICAL PATTERN OF ADULT HAEMATOLOGICAL MALIGNANCIES IN A TERTIARY HOSPITAL IN CROSS RIVER STATE,
Type of the Article	Original Research Article

## **General guideline for Peer Review process:**

This journal's peer review policy states that <u>NO</u> manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '<u>lack of Novelty</u>', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound. To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline)

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## **PART 1:** Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Compulsory REVISION comments	There is the discrepancy between the numbers of adult haematological malignancies which were analysed. It is desribed in Abstract that 7.8% of all malignancies are adult haematological malignancies. However in Discussion, it is stated that adult haematological malignancies presented 10.5% of all malignancies during the same time period.  The abbreviation HM (haematological malignancies) is first used in Abstract but it is not cleared before Introduction.  Please, enter a space between words and between sentences. In Introduction: A studyconducted in Northern Nigeria showedprevalence and chronicleukaemiapredominantly 111. Another study in the Southwest Nigeriareported a prevalence of 18.05% of all cancer with male preponderance and NHL predominantly 112. Similar study conducted in Benin South-South of Nigeria, showed a prevalence of 17.4% with male preponderance and NHL predominantly 112. There is paucity of information on the epidemiology of adult haematological malignancies in our environment, thusaim of this study was to describe the epidemiological pattern of HM in Calabar with a view to reawaken the consciousness of burden and pattern of distribution of Adult haematological malignancies in the sub region.	
Minor REVISION comments		
Optional/General comments		

## PART 2:

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Are there ethical issues in this manuscript?	(If yes, Kindly please write down the ethical issues here in details)	

## **Reviewer Details:**

Name:	Ota Fuchs
Department, University & Country	Institute of Haematology and Blood Transfusion, Czech Republic

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