1	Original Research Paper	
2	THE CULTURAL IMPACT OF MANGA ON SOCIETY	
3	ABSTRACT	Comment [u1]: The Abstract has no Methodology & Findings. Please add them briefly in
4	The manga industry has taken the world by storm since the early 20 th century. Not only does it hold a	the Abstract.
5	large market share in Japan, mangas have attracted a global audience; they have become a popular	
6	medium through which entertainment is being derived. Not only has the sales of mangas been booming in	
7	foreign countries as well as within their own country, it has penetrated into its readers' culture as well	Comment [u2]: An abstract should not have Footnote. Please remove all of them.
8	Mangas have been successful in transcending the cultural barriers and making an important and lasting	
9	impression on the audiences across the globe. ² At first, these Japanese comics did not garner the appeal	Comment [u3]: Remove Footnote.
10	from the audiences, however now it has been successful in capturing the imagination of the readers	
11	around the world, spawning a fan base that has been increasing day by day. ³ However, these comics	Comment [u4]: This too.
12	have faced quite a few problems along the way. This paper, focuses on the evolution of manga in society,	Deleted: will
13	the content within these mangas and their criticism and their cultural influence on society, with specific	
14	references from China and USA.	
15	Keywords: Manga, Society, Culture, Japan	Comment [u5]: Add one more word. Usually
16		there are 5 keywords.
	 ¹ Hafiz Ahmad and Alvanov Zpalanzani, Manga: Invisible Cultural 'Imperialism' Through Popular Medium, August 29, 2006, 1. ² The Manga Phenomenon, World Intellectual Property Organization, September 2011, http://www.wipo.int/wipo_magazine/en/2011/05/article_0003.html. ³ Id. 	

18 1. MAJOR ISSUES

The major criticism against mangas has always been the sexual and violent content present in it. As a large percentage of parents perceive mangas to be specifically for children they feel that it has too much gore and sexual content. They believe that some mangas are misleading as it should be targeted to an adult audience instead of being for a PG-13 audience.

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24 2. THE SEXUAL AND VIOLENT CONTENT

This violence found in mangas is mostly graphic with spurts of blood, objects pierced into other people's bodies, violent dialogue, physical fights, etc. This amount of violence is accepted in the Japanese culture however, it is not tolerated much with the audience across the globe in countries like the United States of America, China, Iran, etc.⁴ While the Japanese culture also allows the death of the characters as they believe that the characters are not immortal, the audience from other countries have had opposing views saying that this is a bad influence on their children as it promotes violence.

The sexual content has also been debated for a long time. There are several mangas that have females with revealing clothing, long-legs and big-breasts. The most prominent examples would be Tsunade from Naruto, Rangiku Matsumoto from Bleach, Nami from One Piece and Lucy Heartfilia from Fairy Tail. These mangas are PG-13 that contain the element of "*ecchi*" i.e. playfully sexual actions. Apart from this, some mangas show nudity such as To Love-Ru, Sekirei, Nozoki Ana, etc.

The nudity in anime and manga that forms the category of *hentai*, violent anime/manga porn, has given the entire industry a negative stereotype.⁵ This has been furthered dampened by instances in which serial killers have been found possessing hentai and thus the entire blame being put on those hentai mangas. The "Otaku killer", is an example of one such person who had murdered four young girls and he was found to possess hentai.⁶ Even though the anime and manga industry have managed to distance **Comment [u6]:** Normally the paper starts with Introduction. However, it depends on the journal format.

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⁴ Jim Rutenberg, Violence finds a Niche in Children's Cartoons, The New York Times, January 28, 2001.

⁵ Samantha Nicole Inez Chambers', Anime: From Cult Following to Pop Culture Phenomenon, The Elon Journal of Undergraduate Research in Communication, Vol. 3, No. 2, 2012, 95.

⁶ Crime Jun, Serial Child Killer Tsumoto Miyazaki, 2 others executed, Japan Today, June 17, 2008.

41 themselves from *hentai*, the nudity expressed in these mangas and anime have sparked outrages by 42 families as well as governments. Iran has banned every manga and only some are available to the public 43 which are approved by the Ministry of Islamic Culture, which is highly unlikely in the cases of mangas and 44 animes.⁷ Singapore has banned any manga that contains yaoi, *Yamete! Watashi no Oshiri ga Itai*, 45 (roughly translated to "*Stop it! My butt hurts*") content.

Coupled with the problem of the rating of these mangas and anime is the regulation of child pornography. 46 47 There exists a genre called *lolicon* which is uses underage characters in sexual situations. There has been a public fascination with the sexuality of young girls which has been made into a spectacle, not only 48 appealing to men but also the women as well.⁸ It is due to this that young girls have been seen as valid 49 50 participants for sexual acts. However as Sparks⁹ points out as well as what we find in the Diamond and Uchiyama finding¹⁰ that exposure to violence and pornography does not necessarily reflect the desires of 51 the viewers and it does not necessarily incite them to commit such crimes. Lolicon mangas and anime 52 53 were for a long time readily available and consumed in countries such as Japan, the United States of 54 America, Australia, etc. but many nations have stopped the import/selling of lolicon material. As the 55 Japanese culture has flourished around the world, it has had an increasing amount of pressure to meet 56 the global standards of regulating child pornography. However, in the case of Ashcroft v. Free Speech Coalition,¹¹ the Supreme Court in the US held that sexual image of virtual minors cannot be equated to 57 child pornography. From a legal standpoint there is no minor who is actually a part of the production of 58 *lolicon* and no physical harm is done to anyone.¹² The freedom of expression must be upheld and the 59 fans of such anime and manga should have a right to enjoy the theme of *lolicon*. 60

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¹¹ Ashcroft v. Free Speech Coalition, 535 U.S. 234 (2002).

¹² Patrick W. Galbraith, Lolicon: The Reality of 'Virtual Child Pornography' in Japan, Image & Narrative, Vol 12, No1 (2011), 84.

Comment [u12]: How rough? The selection of word is inappropriate.

Comment [u13]: Please change the word etc.

⁷ Michael K., Banned in China, TV Tropes, <u>http://tytropes.org/pmwiki/pmwiki.php/Main/BannedInChina</u>.

⁸ Durham, M. Gigi. 2009. The Lolita Effect: The Media Sexualization of Young Girls and the Five Keys to Fixing It. New York: Overlook Press, 51.

⁹ Sparks, Glenn G. 2010. Media Effects Research: A Basic Overview. Boston: Wadsworth, 89-91.

¹⁰ Diamond, Milton, and Uchiyama Ayako. 1999. "Pornography, Rape and Sex Crimes in Japan," International Journal of Law and Psychiatry (22:1), 9.

62 3. AN ATTACK ON CULTURE?

Another reason for mangas and anime to be deemed inappropriate is when it "mocks" religion. Some
mangas and anime do talk about religion and while most of them do go unnoticed, some of them face a
backlash from religious communities.

Angel Beats is a series which shows each character's thought on religion and the story revolves around the afterlife. The series focuses on the paths chosen by each character and how their beliefs help them decide their next step. The series impliedly talks about religions such as Buddhism and Christianity and different icons and principles of these religions.¹³ Hellsing is another series which is basically a fight between English Protestants and vampires.¹⁴ While these series do have a focus on religion, they haven't

71 faced any issues regarding this until now.

72 On the other hand there have been quite a few series, that have faced a severe backlash by various

religious groups for some scenes in the series which indirectly insults or mocks them and their religion.
The manga Jojo's Bizarre Adventure is one example. In this comic book the antagonist picks up a book
from the library and after examining it he orders the execution of the protagonist. The book that was
picked up was shown to be the Quran. The writer says that since he did not know Arabic and so they
picked up a random book which turned out to be the Quran. The writer eventually censored the later
prints however the Muslim Community and soon the sale was halted.¹⁵

The Pokemon series, which was launched in 1996, is undoubtedly one of the most profitable mangas with an earning which exceeds \$150 billion.¹⁶ However, the franchise has had quite a few problems arising throughout the years, especially in the U.S. One major religion that has been against this franchise is the fundamental Christian religion. They link Pokemon with demonism and say that Pokemon teaches

¹⁴ Oh My Pop Culture Jesus: Christianity in Anime, Lady Geek Girl, May 6, 2012, <u>https://ladygeekgirl.wordpress.com/2012/05/06/oh-my-pop-culture-jesus-christianity-in-anime/.</u>

¹⁵ Jojo's Anime, Manga Sales Halted Due to Islamic Images (Updated), Anime News Network, May 22, 2008, <u>http://www.animenewsnetwork.com/news/2008-05-22/jojo-anime-manga-sales-halted-due-to-islamic-images</u>.
¹⁶ Supra 2.

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¹³ Angel Beats!: An Anime About The Afterlife Influenced By Different Religions, Lady Geek Girl, December 16, 2014, <u>https://ladygeekgirl.wordpress.com/2014/12/16/angel-beats-an-anime-about-the-afterlife-influenced-by-different-religions/.</u>

violence, evolution, concepts such as reincarnation and the use of occult objects, such as magic stones,
to gain power to defeat your opponent.¹⁷ It has been opposed by the Christians to a level that they have
banned anything relating to Pokemon in their houses.¹⁸ Apart from this the franchise has had
controversies with the religions of Islam¹⁹ and of the Jews.²⁰

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90 4. THE HISTORY OF MANGAS IN USA

It has become common in the West to stereotype everything that is weird to the Japanese culture. Dr. 91 92 Fredric Wertham in his book 'Seduction of the Innocent' had accused comic books of the dangerous 93 influence on the young readers which inadvertently causes juvenile delinquency. He had said to have 94 cited numerous comic books, including mangas, which have shown the use of drugs, violence, sex and 95 other adult content. Later on Wertham attended a conference in New York City called "The 96 Psychopathology of comic books" which was the start of the anti-comics movement in the United States of America. Not too soon after the conference the Detroit Police Commissioner, Harry S. Toy, investigated 97 this matter and came to the conclusion that the comics were. "Loaded with communist teachings, sex, 98 99 and racial discrimination." This eventually led to the banning of various comic books as well as mass 100 burning of comic books in some States and the enactment of the Comic Code Authority (CCA) in 1954. 101 Now every comic book was to be approved by the CCA and a stamp of approval was to be put on each 102 comic book. Due to this there was a decline in the comic book sales in the USA. News such as the one 103 regarding the Otaku killer²¹ made the sales plummet further, however this changed in the 21st century. 104 Carol L. Tilley, an assistant professor at the University of Illinois, found flaws in the works of Wertham. Wertham's work wasn't made available by the Library of Congress until 2010 and as soon as it was Dr. 105

¹⁷ Innocent Children's Game...or Not? Pokemon, Real Deliverance, http://www.realdeliverance.com/pokemon.shtml.

¹⁸ Is Pokemon Okay for a Christian to Watch?, Beneath The Tangles, January 15, 2014, <u>http://www.beneaththetangles.com/2014/01/15/is-pokemon-okay-for-a-christian-to-watch/</u>.

²⁰ Jim Fitzgerald, 'Swastika' pokemon card dropped, Chicago Sun Times, December 3, 1999.

²¹ Supra 6.

¹⁹ Qatari religious leader bans Pokemon, BBC News, April 3, 2001.

Tilley disproved Wertham's entire work and called it "manipulated, overstated, compromised and
 fabricated evidence."²² His work did not even contain a bibliography or any citations.²³

Even though Wertham's work has been disproved of and the CCA has lost its importance in the 21st century it is due to this movement that mangas did not reach the American audience till very recently. There still remains a large number of comics, especially mangas, which are still not sold in the USA. It has been avoided for the simple reason that it is considered a cartoon and cartoons are supposed to be for kids.²⁴

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114 5. MANGA AND THE CHINESE

As one of the most authoritarian major country, China has been bringing in new regulations to moderate 115 the content seen by the public. The country has been criticized for its policies regarding freedom of 116 expression.²⁵ On 8th June, 2015 the Chinese Ministry of Culture blacklisted the distribution of 38 titles both 117 118 in online and print forms. This isn't the first time that the Ministry had blacklisted mangas and anime. Even 119 in April 2015, 62 titles were banned which included international best sellers such as Naruto and Sailor 120 Moon. The decision arose so as to protect the welfare of the children and reduce the level of juvenile delinquency in the country.²⁶ Out of the 38 that were blacklisted some are international best sellers again 121 such as Attack on Titans, Tokyo Ghoul \sqrt{A} , Sword Art Online, Tokyo Ravens, Death Note, etc. According 122 to the ministry official, Liu Quiang, some of these titles promote violence, some include sexual content 123 and some encourage juvenile delinquency while some show an attack on the government.²⁷ This decision 124 125 and reasoning given by the Chinese Government is questionable as some of the series' that have been 126 blacklisted do not promote any of the above-mentioned themes.

²⁷ Id.

Comment [u16]: Is this a case study or what? Not clear.

²² Dave Itzkoff, Scholar Finds Flaws in Work by Archenemy of Comics, The New York Times, February 19, 2013.

²³ Dusty Rhodes, BAM! WAP! KA-POW! Library prof bops doc who K.O.'d comic book industry, Illinois News Bureau, February 11, 2013.

²⁴ Ian Terry, The American Perception of Anime: Blood, Legs and Language, The Artifice, July 22, 2013.

²⁵ Peter Goderie and Brian Yecies, Cultural Flows Beneath Death Note: Catching the Wave of Popular Japanese Culture in China, The Asia-Pacific Journal, August 30, 2010, Volume 8, Issue 35, Number 1.

²⁶ Caitlin McCabe, China Bans Anime and Manga from the Internet, CBLDF, June 11, 2015.

127 Apart from blacklisting mangas and anime the ministry has made a new regulation which requires 128 websites to get approval from the ministry before they can stream any content. However in this day and 129 age there has been a rampant misuse of the internet which revolves around the issues of intellectual property and censorship. China is said to have the highest piracy rate across the globe.²⁸ However the 130 ministry has given warnings and fined 29 Chinese websites which still show content which the ministry 131 had banned. The Chinese policies alone have been unsuccessful in preventing piracy. In a survey 132 conducted by Peter Goderie and Brian Yecies, they discovered that internet piracy is not an isolated 133 phenomenon. It exemplifies a wider trend of liberalization among the Chinese youth.²⁹ The audience has 134 paid little attention to the State and its policies regarding the ban on manga and anime. 135

The internet has allowed few people to buy the original manga then scan, translate, edit and then post it on the internet. This act, called scanlation, has threatened the very existence of some mangas as the manga artists depend on the income to make more mangas. The rampant manga piracy makes it tougher for the manga artist to earn a living. A solution to this problem could be adopting a Netflix style arrangement and delivering the manga and anime with the translations on the same day it is released. It may cost a minimal amount to subscribe to it but it will allow the manga artist to earn a living and keep working on the manga.

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²⁸ Supra 25.

²⁹ Id.

145 6. CONCLUSION

While mangas and anime may not intentionally try to harm any culture or religion, the industry has been in the limelight for the wrong reasons. Even the Japanese industry has pushed for a ban on genres such as *lolicon.* In June 2014, the government passed a law banning all child pornographic content and they gave a time period of one year for this to come into effect. There have been other governments that have banned specific anime and mangas. There have also been petitions by people to enact an international ban on manga.³⁰

With the liberal Japanese culture the mangas do tend to be rated PG-13 while some may not be suitable for such an audience brought up in a different culture. Dragon Ball Z was one of the first anime/manga to be appreciated by a worldwide audience in the 21st century and the anime and the manga both have scenes showing nudity and also the use of foul language. Other famous animes and mangas such as Naruto, Bleach, One Piece also contain some amount of nudity and foul language. It is due to those scenes and pages that parents and teachers associate mangas and animes with behaviour that is deemed inappropriate in real life and have tried to ban such mangas and anime.³¹

The manga world is completely different from the real world and due to this sharp contrast it has prevailed among the youth. A world that is full of dreams and passion sometimes becomes a world which is more honest and reasonable in reflecting the human society in an alternative perspective. ³² For the manga industry to flourish throughout the world a few changes may need to be brought in the content or at least the ratings of the manga. By doing so the industry will definitely get bigger and countries will accept mangas into their society.

Comment [u17]: Not that easy!

³⁰ George King, Enact an International Ban on Anime and Manga, <u>https://www.change.org/p/the-united-nations-enact-an-international-ban-on-anime-and-manga</u>.

³² Yang Wang, The Dissemination of Japanese Manga in China: The interplay of culture and social transformation in post reform period, Center for East and South-East Asian Studies, Lund University, 25.

³¹ Parents in Russia request ban on 'Death Note', Japan Today, April 29, 2013.