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Journal Name:	Journal of Advances in Medicine and Medical Research
Manuscript Number:	Ms_JAMMR_46890
Title of the Manuscript:	OBSTETRIC FISTULA: THE AGONY OF UNSAFE MOTHERHOOD. A REVIEW OF NIGERIA EXPERIENCE
Type of the Article	

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that <u>NO</u> manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '<u>lack of Novelty'</u>, provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound. To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline)

Created by: EA Checked by: ME Approved by: CEO Version: 1.6 (10-04-2018)

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PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Compulsory REVISION comments	The theme dealt here is important. I have some advice. 1. Line 40-44: Please confirm if obstetric injury (tear of the lower genital tract) may be a (main) cause of fistula. Your statement sounds as if ischemia necrosis is the scause of obstetric fistula. Please confirm this. I mean that even in developed count we sometimes encounter severe obstetric vaginal injury (vesicovaginal or rectovag opening) but we do repair at the time of delivery. If these fractions also constitute fis should be touched. You state the issue related to this in Line 110 but please mak clearer. Many doctors in developed countries may consider that fistula may occur a obstetric injury and its inadequate (or no) repair. 2. Line 158: Please explain this issue in a more easy expression or in more defi writing. The phrases can read, "of women eventually suffered from fistula in delivery, 75-92% also suffered stillbirth". This may not be the case. Please write part in a more reader-friendly manner. 3. References: Ref. 37; please check pages. Some journals are written in full spelling others in abbreviation. Be consistent. Please copy and paste PubMed instead of writen ones by yourself. 4. Review usually consists of the following: how many literatures were first retriev. Then how many papers fit your purpose? Then, how did you pick up literatures were used to write this paper? This is so called systematic review. I do understand this typical/orthodox method may not fit to this theme. Thus, the present "review narrative one. I mean that you did not systematically review the papers but wrote/reconfirm things based on the existing papers that fit to y thought/concept/idea. In this sense, you picked up literatures "arbitrarily". I never bla you for this. But readers expect "systematic" review when looking at the title. This recommend you that you straightforwardly state that the present paper is concept/proposal based on the literature, but literature review was not d systematically due to the specificity/uniqueness of this issue. Please descri	Iso ole ies nal ula e it fter nite his his his nad ing ed? hat hat is is your our our one s I the one
Minor REVISION comments		
Optional/General comments		

PART 2:

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Are there ethical issues in this manuscript?	(If yes, Kindly please write down the ethical issues here in details)	

Reviewer Details:

Name:	Shigeki Matsubara
Department, University & Country	Jichi Medical University, Japan

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