www.sciencedomain.org



SDI Review Form 1.6

Journal Name:	Asian Journal of Medicine and Health
Manuscript Number:	Ms_AJMAH_29693
Title of the Manuscript:	ACUTE EFFECT OF TOBACCO SNUFF CONSUMPTION ON PLASMA TOTAL PROTEIN, ALBUMIN, GLOBULIN AND FASTING BLOOD SUGAR LEVEL IN RATS
Type of the Article	

General guideline for Peer Review process:

This journal's peer review policy states that **NO** manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of 'lack of Novelty', provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound.

To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline)

www.sciencedomain.org



SDI Review Form 1.6

PART 1: Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer,
	Reviewer 5 comment	correct the manuscript and highlight that part in
		the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors
9 1 55 (1010)		should write his/her feedback here)
<u>Compulsory</u> REVISION comments		
	In this study the authors investigated the effects of	
	tobacco snuff consumption on total protein, albumin,	
	globulin and and fasting blood sugar levels.	
	For this purpose were involved in the study12 Wistar	
	rats dived into 4 groups: one control group (A) that	
	received normal feed and water while the remaining	
	groups (B, C and D) received 0.72g, 1.44g, and 2.16g	
	of tobacco snuff respectively as 0.6g, 1.2g, and 1.8g of	
	tobacco-dust and 0.12g, 0.24g, and 0.36g of potash.	
		Based on this reply,
	Comments	
	In the abstracts the authors said that B, C and D	1). I will add the result in the abstract
	groups were treated with tobacco	,
	dust mixed with potash (tobacco snuff), while in the	2). Yes, we have taken note of the error in
	method section they showed the treatment composed	convening our idea. "More so" has been
	by tobacco snuff, tobacco-dust and potash. The	replaced with "In addition".
	authors should better clarified the rats treatment.	3). No, as a matter of fact, cardiac puncture
	additions should better claimed the rats treatment.	was the convenient procedure as at the time of
	In the abstract the results are not shown.	this study.
	2. In introduction section, line 37, why the authors	4). Well taken note of.
	used "More so"? I don't understand the	
		5). In using ANOVA, all these options can be
	meaning.	used and the reviewer said if it were to be
	3. Why the authors have collected the blood	him/her. Well here in Nigeria, we like using
	samples with a cardiac puncture? Is there a	LSD or Scheffe.
	reason for not having collected the blood in a	6). But other parameters showed statistically
	different way?	significant difference, so if it were to be the
	4. In "Material and Methods" section the authors	number of rats, it would have affected all of
	described for two time (in Animal Grouping and	them. Well not with stand, the work is already
	Substance Administration subtitles) rats	done when we carry it out again.

www.sciencedomain.org



SDI Review Form 1.6

- treatments and tobacco doses. They should correct this repetition.

 5. When I want to compare multiple groups with a control groups in the case of Gaussian.
- 5. When I want to compare multiple groups with a control groups, in the case of Gaussian distribution, are usually used the ANOVA with Dunnet post hoc test or ANOVA with Bonferroni post hoc test. May the authors explain why they did not use them?
- 6. In my opinion the number of rats in the groups are very limited. That could explain why the differences between control and treated are not different regarding fasting blood sugar levels. The authors would have to introduce other rats in the groups for a better statistical analysis.
- In the "Results" section the authors have not to report data in the text already described on the tables.
- 8. The description of the statistical difference on the tables are not clear. The legend "N/B: all the values of the test groups with different subscript from the controls are significantly different at p<0.05" and the superscript letters a, b, ab are not appropriate. Is better the use of *, **, *** to indicate the statistical differences.

8). Well on the description of statistically significant difference with *, **, *** etc, is always confusing, because it denote quantification, while the alphabet is more clearer

Created by: EA Checked by: ME Approved by: CEO Version: 1.6 (07-06-2013)

www.sciencedomain.org



SDI Review Form 1.6

Minor REVISION comments	The manuscript should be corrected by a native English speaker.	
Optional/General comments	The study does not provide important novelties on this	Thanks for the comment Authors comment
	topic.	

Reviewer Details:

Name:	Valter Lubrano
Department, University & Country	Italy

Created by: EA Checked by: ME Approved by: CEO Version: 1.6 (07-06-2013)