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## **SDI Review Form 1.6**

Journal Name:	Journal of Pharmaceutical Research International
Manuscript Number:	Ms_JPRI_50104
Title of the Manuscript:	Modeling the Factors Affecting the First Birth in the Family's' Fertility in Hamedan Province
Type of the Article	

## **General guideline for Peer Review process:**

This journal's peer review policy states that <u>NO</u> manuscript should be rejected only on the basis of '<u>lack of Novelty'</u>, provided the manuscript is scientifically robust and technically sound. To know the complete guideline for Peer Review process, reviewers are requested to visit this link:

(http://www.sciencedomain.org/page.php?id=sdi-general-editorial-policy#Peer-Review-Guideline)

## **PART 1:** Review Comments

	Reviewer's comment	Author's comment (if agreed with reviewer, correct the manuscript and highlight that part in the manuscript. It is mandatory that authors should write his/her feedback here)
Compulsory REVISION comments		
Minor REVISION comments	Introduction  It is well written but too long  Lacks conceptual framework that could address models shown in findings and in discussion  Methodology  The author/s have not shown why they used two stage sampling technique  The author/s should give brief explanation of the models how they so that even a lay man in demography can understand  Discussion  In this section there some mixing of issues. For example line one sentence that begin the objectivefrom this study should be restricted and put in the section of methodology for justification  The last sentence in first paragraph should be restructured and move it to findings  The second paragraph the author/s have shown studies on the area done on the present and the there is variation of the findings. The author/s has remained without commenting the variation noted  Third paragraph second line—hazard model suitable- no justification given  Parents with higher education pay more attention to the welfare of their children and this is more important than the number of children. – experience from community studies it is the opposite. They are the ones who don't send children for clinic services. They are ones who live the infants with baby sitters  The authors assume numbers tell everything, in reality they don't. The study should have been supplemented with focus group discussion the find other factors like sociocultural factors, sickness, death of child, family problems all these have an impact on population growth	
Optional/General comments	The paper is addressing an important issue on population growth. Fertility is socio-cultural demographic issues. Thus it influenced by both socio-cultural and demographic factors. On population ( see Hilary J.Page and Ron Lesthaeghe "Child –spacing in tropical Africa: traditions and change. 1981)	

# **Reviewer Details:**

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Created by: EA Checked by: ME Approved by: CEO Version: 1.6 (10-04-2018)