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SDI FINAL EVALUATION FORM 1.1

PART 1:

Journal Name:	Chemical Science International Journal
Manuscript Number:	2019/CSIJ/49886
Title of the Manuscript:	DETERMINATION OF SELECTED HEAVY METALS IN TOBACCO TREE SHRUBS GROWING AROUND DANDORA DUMPSITE, NAIROBI, KENYA
Type of Article:	Original Research Article

PART 2:

FINAL EVALUATOR'S comments on revised paper (if any)	Authors' response to final evaluator's comments
The authors did not rectify most of the flaws pointed out in my previous review, namely the	
following:	
In the spelling of the scientific names of the species, the binomial nomenclature	
rules should be applied always! Both the first part of the name, the genus, and the	
second part, the species, should be italicized when a binomial name occurs in	
normal text, but the botanical authority not.	
The "Materials and methods" section should give more details about Quality	
Assurance and Quality Control. Authors should indicate the obtained accuracy	
values. It would be also interesting to provide the reader with limits of	
detection/determination of analyzed elements	
In addition, the "Materials and methods" section needs a subsection on statistical	
tests. Although the use of statistics in the study is obvious, the statistical methods	
should be clearly described in appropriate sub-section.	
The authors refer to "total metal content". However, they used a digestion method	
with nitric acid, perchloric acid and hydrochloric acid. Therefore, no hydrofluoric	
acid was used, so the silicates were not dissolved and therefore the measured	
concentrations are not total. They are only pseudo-totals. Since this method is not	
intended to accomplish total decomposition of the sample, the extracted analyte	
authors intended to obtain the total concentrations, the samples direction method	
was poorly chosen	
Tables 1 to 7: Authors should indicate the number of samples $(n =)$.	
Throughout the manuscript: "Nicotiana glauca graham." should be "Nicotiana	
glauca Graham"	
I cannot understand the statistical analysis. The authors using parametric statistics	
(Pearson correlation coefficients). Have the authors check for hormality? Authors	
should explain which test they used for evaluation of the hormality of the analysed	
these substances rarely own normal distributions but highly skewed to the left and	
showing long right tails. Taking this into account I wonder they decided to use	
directly parametric statistics (Pearson correlation) without (at least this is not noted	
in the manuscript) any previous evaluation of normality (e.g. Shapiro-Wilk test). For	



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data not showing normal distributions there are a lot of equivalent statistical test that allow to do the same analysis but in a proper way.

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